Development Matters	ELG Early Learning Goal	How this is achieved in EYFS	By the end of EYFS learners will know how to	
Reception Recognises some numerals of personal significance. Recognises numerals 1 to 5. Counts up to three or four objects by saying one number name for each item. Counts actions or objects which cannot be moved. Count objects to 10 and beginning to count beyond 10. Counts out up to six objects from a larger group Selects the correct numeral to represent 1 to 5, then 1 to 10 objects. Counts an irregular arrangement of up to ten objects. Estimates how many objects they can see and checks by counting them. Uses the language of 'more' and 'fewer' to compare two sets of objects. Finds the total number of items in two groups by counting all of them. Says the number that is one more than a given number. Finds one more or one less from a group of up to five objects, then ten objects. In practical activities and discussion, beginning to use the vocabulary involved in adding and subtracting. Records, using marks that they can interpret and explain. Begins to identify own mathematical problems based on own interests and fascinations.	Number Have a deep understanding of numbers to 10. Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5 Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts Numerical Patterns Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system. Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, les than or the same as the other quantity. Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally.	 Provide collections of interesting things for children to sort, order, count and label in their play. Display numerals in purposeful contexts, e.g. a sign showing how many children can play on a number track. Use tactile numeral cards made from sandpaper, velvet or string. Create opportunities for children to experiment with a number of objects, the written numeral and the written number word. Develop this through matching activities with a range of numbers, numerals and a selection of objects. Use a 100 square to show number patterns. Encourage children to count the things they see and talk about and use numbers beyond ten Make number games readily available and teach children how to use them. Display interesting books about number. Play games such as hide and seek that involve counting. Encourage children to record what they have done, e.g. by drawing or tallying. Use number staircases to show a starting point and how you arrive at another point when something is added or taken away. Provide a wide range of number resources and encourage children to be creative in identifying and devising problems and solutions in all areas of learning. Make number lines available for reference and encourage children to use them in their own play. Help children to understand that five fingers on each hand make a total of ten fingers altogether, or that two rows of three eggs in the box make six eggs altogether. Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all children develop the necessary building blocks to excel mathematically. 	 Know how to count confidently and develop a deep understanding of the numbers to 10, Recognise relationships between the numbers and the patterns within those numbers. Talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not be afraid to make mistakes Use vocabulary from which mastery of mathematics is built. Look for and spot patterns in numbers and shape Count reliably to 20 Order numbers 1-20 Say 1 more/ 1 less to 20 Add and subtract two single digit numbers Solve problems including doubling, halving and sharing Talk about and solve problems involving size, capacity, position, distance, time and money 	